### X-rays and star formation The future...

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### Unsolved important questions

How stars form - Angular momentum - Magnetic fields How planetary systems form Chemistry of clouds, stars, planets Global questions (cosmological relevance), local answers



## Why X-rays?

X-ray observations are a tool! Don't make them into an end... Should be used to answer physics questions of broad importance!



#### Before Einstein ...

Star forming regions were a cool place
Slow, regular processes
Near-equilibrium chemistry
B fields (nearly) irrelevant
All pretty boring ©
IR king of observing tools



#### SFRs are pretty hot places! - Rife with violence! - Smoking hot (almost 10<sup>9</sup> K plasma in YSOs!) X-rays are a great probe of young stars X-rays influence the star formation process itself X-rays likely to have dramatic influence on early planetary environment



#### X-ray offer unique diagnostics

High-contrast YSO identification and census

- IMF's become child's play 😳
- Class III were discovered in X-rays!
- Bridge between SFRs and ZAMS
- Size and structure of magnetospheres



#### X-rays modify the SFR environment!

#### Ionize medium

#### - Disk ionization -> B field coupling

- Dominate over cosmic rays by 8 orders of mag
- Accretion, angular momentum loss
- Planetary formation?
- Nuclear reactions
  - Isotopes
- Photochemistry





#### XMM-Newton

X-ray observatory
ESA-only mission
Ca. 0.5 m<sup>2</sup>, 10 arcsec resolution
Open to worldwide scientific community
Most productive ESA astronomy mission

Ca. 1 refereed paper per day



## XMM-Newton

Start of ops 2000 Planned lifetime: 10 yr Ca. 1 B€ from ESA, plus ca. 0.4 B€ from European member states









#### Chandra

X-ray observatory NASA only mission Ca. 0.05 m<sup>2</sup>, 1 arcsec resolution Open to worldwide scientific community Starts of ops 1999 Planned lifetime: 10 yr Ca. 4-5 B\$ NASA cost



#### The next generation

Long history of "planning the future" Successors to XMM-Newton and Chandra Bigger and better! XEUS in Europe Constellation-X in the US ... merged into IXO

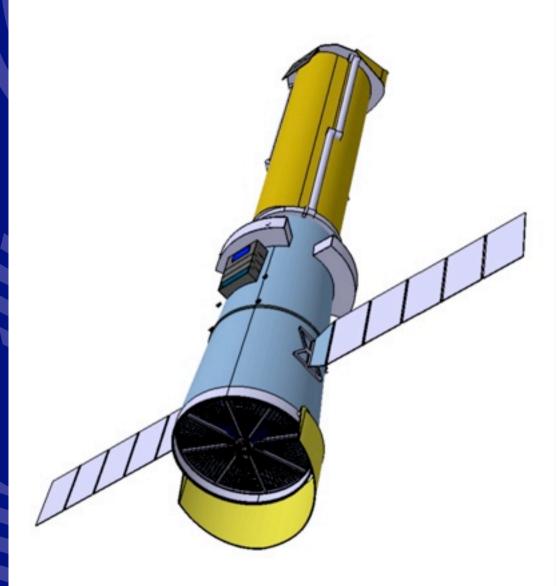


The challenge
Same rocket
≤ budget
Order of magnitude improvement in performance
Mirror area!

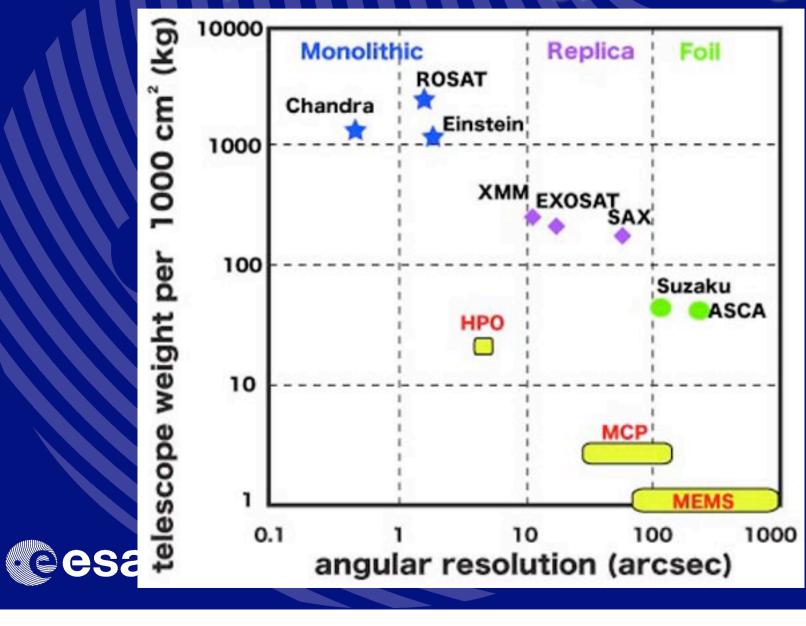
IXO

 Similar step as JWST from HST





# Optical technology challenge



# Rocket technology...



# Progress in rocket technology...





#### Space Astrophysics budgets

NASA: ca. 1.2 B\$/yr ESA: ca. 0.2 B€/yr European member states: comparable to ESA Available for new missions: between  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$ of above budget figures Chandra or Newton: ca. 6-7 yr of available resources



#### Space astronomers as parasites 🙂

Rockets
Spacecraft
Optical technology
CCDs
IR detectors

... more



# Other X-ray observatories in the making

 Simbol-X
 Hard X-rays, imaging





# Other X-ray observatories in the making

- NuSTAR
- NASA Hard X-rays, imaging 40 arcsec
- 0.1 m<sup>2</sup>
- mid-2011





# Other X-ray observatories in the

A. Shinking

making

Astro-H
Mainly JAXA
Broad-band
0.3-600 keV

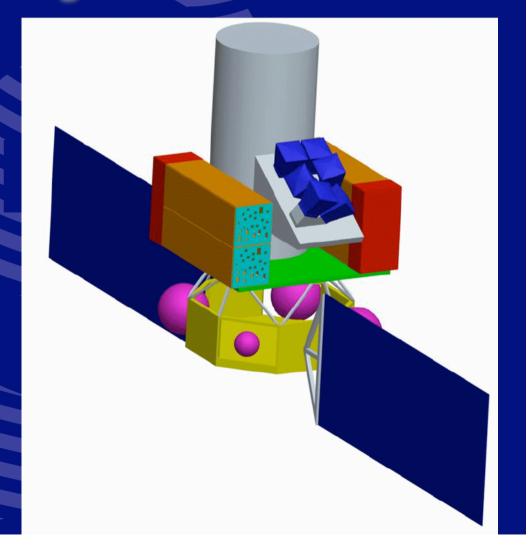
- 0.3-000 Ke
- TBC arcsec
- TBC m<sup>2</sup>
- mid-2013



# Other X-ray observatories in the making

- SRG - eRosita
- Roskosmos, DLR, others All-sky survey to
  - 10keV
- Launch?





#### The cost of your science

Price of Chandra time: ca. 20\$/s 100 ks Chandra observation = 2 M\$ Space Science funding in Europe (ESA) 1 cup of coffee/European/year Space Science funding in USA - 2 Big Macs/American/year Space astronomy gets less than half





Multiple challenges... You have to convince... Taxpayers (and elected representatives) - Fund astronomy at large Astrophysics community **Compete for facilities** Time allocation committees Compete for time



Timescale of future big facilities **Newton & Chandra** Nominal lifetime over pretty soon - Living on borrowed time - 2015? Major facility (IXO) - Needs new technology - Needs prioritization Needs money > 2020

Be creative! Best use of existing facilities Exploit time domain Complete ongoing work Complete census of SFR, increase exposure But don't turn it into butterfly collecting ③ Organize massive optical & NIR follow-up - Spectroscopy (opt & NIR) -> ELT? Extragalactice - would be nice, but very challenging!

Cesa

#### Be creative!

- Think about smaller, more focused new facilities
- Beware of going the particle physics way... But don't get discouraged!

